HOUSE No. 673

By Ms. Gobi of Spencer, petition of Anne M. Gobi and others relative to the operation of snow or recreational vehicles while under the influence of alcohol or narcotic substances. The Judiciary.

The Commonwealth of Massachusetts

PETITION OF:

Anne M. Gobi Matthew C. Patrick
George N. Peterson, Jr. Stephen M. Brewer
Peter V. Kocot Patricia D. Jehlen
John W. Scibak Bruce E. Tarr
Anthony J. Verga Mark J. Carron

In the Year Two Thousand and Five.

AN ACT RELATIVE TO THE OPERATION OF A SNOW VEHICLE OR RECRE-ATIONAL VEHICLE UNDER THE INFLUENCE OF ALCOHOLIC OR NARCOTIC SUBSTANCES.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives in General Court assembled, and by the authority of the same, as follows:

- SECTION 1. Chapter 90B of the General Laws is hereby
- 2 amended by inserting after section 26 the following section:—
- 3 Section 26A. (1) (a) (1) Whoever operates a snow or recre-
- 4 ational vehicle on the lands, waters or ways, whether public or
- 5 private, within the commonwealth while under the influence of
- 6 intoxicating liquor, or of marijuana, narcotic drugs, depressants or
- 7 stimulant substances, all as defined in section one of chapter
- 8 ninety-four C, or the vapors of glue shall be punished by a fine of
- 9 not less than \$500 nor more than \$5,000 or by imprisonment for
- 10 not more than two and one-half years, or both such fine and
- 11 imprisonment.
- 12 There shall be an assessment of \$125 against a person who, by
- 13 a court of the commonwealth, is convicted of, is placed on proba-
- 14 tion for, or is granted a continuance without a finding for or other-

wise pleads guilty to or admits to a finding of sufficient facts of operating a snow or recreation vehicle while under the influence of intoxicating liquor, marijuana, narcotic drugs, depressants or stimulant substances pursuant to the provisions of this section; provided, however, that moneys collected pursuant to said assessment shall be deposited by the court with the treasurer into the Head Injury Treatment Services Trust Fund established by section 59 of chapter 10. In the discretion of the court, an assessment pursuant to this paragraph may be reduced or waived only upon a written finding of fact that such payment would cause the person against whom the assessment is imposed severe financial 26 hardship. Such a finding shall be made independently of a finding of indigency for purposes of appointing counsel. If the person is 27 sentenced to a correctional facility in the commonwealth and the assessment has not been paid, the court shall note the assessment 30 on the mittimus.

31 If the defendant has been previously convicted or assigned to an alcohol or controlled substance education, treatment, or rehabilitation program by a court of the commonwealth or any other jurisdiction because of a like violation within ten years preceding the date of the commission of the offense for which he has been convicted, the defendant shall be punished by a fine of not less 37 than six hundred nor more than ten thousand dollars and by imprisonment for not less than sixty days nor more than two and one-half years; provided, however, that the sentence imposed 40 upon such person shall not be reduced to less than thirty days, nor suspended, nor shall any such person be eligible for probation, 41 42 parole, or furlough or receive any deduction from his sentence for 43 good conduct until such person has served thirty days of such sentence, unless otherwise sentenced to an intermediate sanction as promulgated by the sentencing commission established in chapter four hundred and thirty-two of the acts of nineteen hundred and ninety-three; provided, further, that the commissioner of correction may, on the recommendation of the warden, superintendent, or other person in charge of a correctional institution, or the administrator of a county correctional institution, grant to an 50 offender committed under this subdivision a temporary release in 52 the custody of an officer of such institution for the following pur-53 poses only: to attend the funeral of a relative; to visit a critically ill relative; to obtain emergency medical or psychiatric services unavailable at said institution; to engage in employment pursuant to a work release program; or for the purposes of an aftercare program designed to support the recovery of an offender who has completed an alcohol or controlled substance education, treatment or rehabilitation program operated by the department of correction; and provided, further, that the defendant may serve all or part of such thirty day sentence to the extent such resources are available in a correctional facility specifically designated by the department of correction for the incarceration and rehabilitation of drinking drivers.

65 If the defendant has been previously convicted or assigned to 66 an alcohol or controlled substance education, treatment, or rehabilitation program by a court of the commonwealth, or any other jurisdiction because of a like offense two times within ten years preceding the date of the commission of the offense for which he 70 has been convicted, the defendant shall be punished by a fine of not less than one thousand nor more than fifteen thousand dollars and by imprisonment for not less than one hundred and eighty days nor more than two and one-half years or by a fine of not less than one thousand nor more than fifteen thousand dollars and by 74 imprisonment in the state prison for not less than two and one-half years nor more than five years; provided, however, that the sentence imposed upon such person shall not be reduced to less than one hundred and fifty days, nor suspended, nor shall any such person be eligible for probation, parole, or furlough or receive any deduction from his sentence for good conduct until he shall have served one hundred and fifty days of such sentence, unless other-82 wise sentenced to an intermediate sanction as promulgated by the sentencing commission established in chapter four hundred and 83 thirty-two of the acts of nineteen hundred and ninety-three; provided, further, that the commissioner of correction may, on the 86 recommendation of the warden, superintendent, or other person in charge of a correctional institution, or the administrator of a county correctional institution, grant to an offender committed under this subdivision a temporary release in the custody of an 90 officer of such institution for the following purposes only: to 91 attend the funeral of a relative, to visit a critically ill relative; to 92 obtain emergency medical or psychiatric services unavailable at 93 said institution; to engage in employment pursuant to a work 94 release program; or for the purposes of an aftercare program 95 designed to support the recovery of an offender who has completed an alcohol or controlled substance education, treatment or 97 rehabilitation program operated by the department of correction; 98 and provided, further, that the defendant may serve all or part of 99 such one hundred and fifty days sentence to the extent such 100 resources are available in a correctional facility specifically designated by the department of correction for the incarceration and 102 rehabilitation of drinking drivers.

If the defendant has been previously convicted or assigned to 103 104 an alcohol or controlled substance education, treatment, or rehabilitation program by a court of the commonwealth or any other 105 106 jurisdiction because of a like offense three times within ten years preceding the date of the commission of the offense for which he 108 has been convicted the defendant shall be punished by a fine of not less than one thousand five hundred nor more than twenty-five 110 thousand dollars and by imprisonment for not less than two years nor more than two and one-half years, or by a fine of not less than 112 one thousand five hundred nor more than twenty-five thousand 113 dollars and by imprisonment in the state prison for not less than 114 two and one-half years nor more than five years; provided, how-115 ever, that the sentence imposed upon such person shall not be 116 reduced to less than twelve months, nor suspended, nor shall any 117 such person be eligible for probation, parole, or furlough or 118 receive any deduction from his sentence for good conduct until such person has served twelve months of such sentence, unless 119 120 otherwise sentenced to an intermediate sanction as promulgated by the sentencing commission established in chapter four hundred 121 and thirty-two of the acts of nineteen hundred and ninety-three; 122 provided, further, that the commissioner of correction may, on the 124 recommendation of the warden, superintendent, or other person in 125 charge of a correctional institution, or the administrator of a 126 county correctional institution, grant to an offender committed 127 under this subdivision a temporary release in the custody of an officer of such institution for the following purposes only: to 128 attend the funeral of a relative; to visit a critically ill relative; to 129 130 obtain emergency medical or psychiatric services unavailable at 131 said institution; to engage in employment pursuant to a work release program; or for the purposes of an aftercare program designed to support the recovery of an offender who has completed an alcohol or controlled substance education, treatment or rehabilitation program operated by the department of correction; and provided, further, that the defendant may serve all or part of such twelve months sentence to the extent that resources are available in a correctional facility specifically designated by the department of correction for the incarceration and rehabilitation of drinking drivers.

141 If the defendant has been previously convicted or assigned to 142 an alcohol or controlled substance education, treatment or rehabilitation program by a court of the commonwealth or any other 144 jurisdiction because of a like offense four or more times within 145 ten years preceding the date of the commission of the offense for 146 which he has been convicted, the defendant shall be punished by a 147 fine of not less than two thousand nor more than fifty thousand dollars and by imprisonment for not less than two and one-half years or by a fine of not less than two thousand nor more than 150 fifty thousand dollars and by imprisonment in the state prison for 151 not less than two and one-half years nor more than five years; pro-152 vided, however, that the sentence imposed upon such person shall not be reduced to less than twenty-six months, nor suspended, nor shall any such person be eligible for probation, parole, or furlough 154 or receive any deduction from his sentence for good conduct until 156 he shall have served twenty-six months of such sentence, unless 157 otherwise sentenced to an intermediate sanction as promulgated by the sentencing commission established in chapter four hundred 158 159 and thirty-two of the acts of nineteen hundred and ninety-three; 160 provided, further, that the commissioner of correction may, on the 161 recommendation of the warden, superintendent, or other person in 162 charge of a correctional institution, or the administrator of a 163 county correctional institution, grant to an offender committed 164 under this subdivision a temporary release in the custody of an officer of such institution for the following purposes only: to 166 attend the funeral of a relative; to visit a critically ill relative; to obtain emergency medical or psychiatric services unavailable at said institution; to engage in employment pursuant to a work 169 release program; or for the purposes of an aftercare program 170 designed to support the recovery of an offender who has com-

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pleted an alcohol or controlled substance education, treatment or rehabilitation program operated by the department of correction; 172 173 and provided, further, that the defendant may serve all or part of 174 such twenty-six months sentence to the extent that resources are available in a correctional facility specifically designated by the 175 176 department of correction for the incarceration and rehabilitation of 177 drinking drivers.

178 A prosecution commenced under the provisions of this subparagraph shall not be placed on file or continued without a finding 179 180 except for dispositions under section twenty-six D. No trial shall be commenced on a complaint alleging a violation of this subpara-182 graph, nor shall any plea be accepted on such complaint, nor shall 183 the prosecution on such complaint be transferred to another divi-184 sion of the district court or to a jury-of-six session, until the court 185 receives a report from the commissioner of probation pertaining to 186 the defendant's record, if any, of prior convictions of such viola-187 tions or of assignment to an alcohol or controlled substance education, treatment, or rehabilitation program because of a like 189 offense; provided, however, that the provisions of this paragraph shall not justify the postponement of any such trial or of the acceptance of any such plea for more than five working days after 192 the date of the defendant's arraignment. The commissioner of pro-193 bation shall give priority to requests for such records.

At any time before the commencement of a trial or acceptance of a plea on a complaint alleging a violation of this subparagraph, 196 the prosecutor may apply for the issuance of a new complaint pursuant to section thirty-five A of chapter two hundred and eighteen alleging a violation of this subparagraph and one or more prior 199 like violations. If such application is made, upon motion of the prosecutor, the court shall stay further proceedings on the original 201 complaint pending the determination of the application for the 202 new complaint. If a new complaint is issued, the court shall dis-203 miss the original complaint and order that further proceedings on 204 the new complaint be postponed until the defendant has had sufficient time to prepare a defense.

If a defendant waives right to a jury trial pursuant to section 207 twenty-six A of chapter two hundred and eighteen on a complaint 208 under this subdivision he shall be deemed to have waived his right 209 to a jury trial on all elements of said complaint.

- 210 (2) Except as provided in subparagraph (4) the provisions of 211 section eighty-seven of chapter two hundred and seventy-six shall 212 not apply to any person charged with a violation of subparagraph (1) and if said person has been convicted of or assigned to an 213 alcohol or controlled substance education, treatment or rehabilita-215 tion program because of a like offense by a court of the commonwealth or any other jurisdiction within a period of ten years immediately preceding the commission of the offense with which 217 he is charged. 218
- (3) Notwithstanding the provisions of section six A of chapter 220 two hundred and seventy-nine, the court may order that a defen-221 dant convicted of a violation of subparagraph (1) be imprisoned 222 only on designated weekends, evenings or holidays; provided, 223 however, that the provisions of this subparagraph shall apply only 224 to a defendant who has not been convicted previously of such violation or assigned to an alcohol or controlled substance education, 226 treatment or rehabilitation program within ten years preceding the date of the commission of the offense for which he has been con-227 228 victed.
- 229 (4) Notwithstanding the provisions of subparagraphs (1) and 230 (2), a judge, before imposing a sentence on a defendant who pleads guilty to or is found guilty of a violation of subparagraph 232 (1) and who has not been convicted or assigned to an alcohol or 233 controlled substance education, treatment or rehabilitation pro-234 gram by a court of the commonwealth or any other jurisdiction 235 because of a like offense two or more times within ten years of the 236 date of the commission of the offense for which he has been convicted, shall receive a report from the probation department of a 238 copy of the defendant's driving record, the criminal record of the defendant, if any, and such information as may be available as to 239 240 the defendant's use of alcohol and may, upon a written finding that appropriate and adequate treatment is available to the defendant and the defendant would benefit from such treatment and that the safety of the public would not be endangered, with the defen-244 dant's consent place a defendant on probation for two years; provided, however, that a condition for such probation shall be that 245 246 the defendant be confined for no less than fourteen days in a resi-247 dential alcohol treatment program and to participate in an outpa-248 tient counseling program designed for such offenders as provided

or sanctioned by the division of alcoholism, pursuant to regulations to be promulgated by said division in consultation with the department of correction and with the approval of the secretary of health and human services or at any other facility so sanctioned or regulated as may be established by the commonwealth or any political subdivision thereof for the purpose of alcohol or drug treatment or rehabilitation, and comply with all conditions of said residential alcohol treatment program. Such condition of probation shall specify a date before which such residential alcohol treatment program shall be attended and completed.

259 Failure of the defendant to comply with said conditions and any 260 other terms of probation as imposed under this section shall be 261 reported forthwith to the court and proceedings under the provisions of section three of chapter two hundred and seventy-nine 262 263 shall be commenced. In such proceedings, such defendant shall be 264 taken before the court and if the court finds that he has failed to 265 attend or complete the residential alcohol treatment program before the date specified in the conditions of probation, the court 266 shall forthwith specify a second date before which such defendant 267 268 shall attend or complete such program, and unless such defendant 269 shows extraordinary and compelling reasons for such failure, shall forthwith sentence him to imprisonment for not less than two 270 271 days; provided, however, that such sentence shall not be reduced 272 to less than two days, nor suspended, nor shall such person be eli-273 gible for furlough or receive any reduction from his sentence for 274 good conduct until such person has served two days of such sentence; and provided, further, that the commissioner of correction 275 276 may, on the recommendation of the warden, superintendent, or 277 other person in charge of a correctional institution, or the adminis-278 trator of a county correctional institution, grant to an offender committed under this subdivision a temporary release in the cus-279 280 tody of an officer of such institution for the following purposes only: to attend the funeral of a relative; to visit a critically ill 282 relative; to obtain emergency medical or psychiatric services 283 unavailable at said institution; or to engage in employment pursuant to a work release program. If such defendant fails to attend 284 285 or complete the residential alcohol treatment program before the 286 second date specified by the court, further proceedings pursuant to said section three of said chapter two hundred and seventy-nine

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288 shall be commenced, and the court shall forthwith sentence the defendant to imprisonment for not less than thirty days as pro-290 vided in subparagraph (1) for such a defendant.

The defendant shall pay for the cost of the services provided by 292 the residential alcohol treatment program; provided, however, that no person shall be excluded from said programs for inability to pay; and provided, further, that such person files with the court, an affidavit of indigency or inability to pay and that investigation by the probation officer confirms such indigency or establishes that payment of such fee would cause a grave and serious hardship to 298 such individual or to the family of such individual, and that the 299 court enters a written finding thereof. In lieu of waiver of the 300 entire amount of said fee, the court may direct such individual to make partial or installment payments of the cost of said program.

(b) A conviction of a violation of subparagraph (1) of para-303 graph (a) shall revoke the license or right to operate of the person 304 so convicted unless such person has not been convicted of or 305 assigned to an alcohol or controlled substance education, treatment or rehabilitation program because of a like offense by a court of the commonwealth or any other jurisdiction within a period of 308 ten years preceding the date of the commission of the offense for which he has been convicted, and said person qualifies for disposition under section twenty-four D and has consented to probation as provided for in said section twenty-four D; provided, however, 312 that no appeal, motion for new trial or exceptions shall operate to 313 stay the revocation of the license or the right to operate. Such 314 revoked license shall immediately be surrendered to the prose-315 cuting officer who shall forward the same to the registrar. The 316 court shall report immediately any revocation, under this section, of a license or right to operate to the registrar and to the police department of the municipality in which the defendant is domiciled. Additionally, upon a conviction of a violation of subparagraph (1) of paragraph (a), the director of environmental law 321 enforcement may revoke or suspend the registration of the viola-322 tor's snow or recreation vehicle.

(c) (1) Where the license, right to operate, or registration of a 324 snow or recreation vehicle has been revoked under section twenty-325 six D or twenty-six E, or revoked under paragraph (b) and such 326 person has not been convicted of a like offense or has not been

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assigned to an alcohol or controlled substance education, treat-328 ment or rehabilitation program because of a like offense by a court 329 of the commonwealth or any other jurisdiction within a period of 330 ten years preceding the date of the commission of the offense for 331 which he has been convicted, the registrar shall not restore the 332 license or reinstate the right to operate to such person unless the prosecution of such person has been terminated in favor of the 334 defendant, until one year after the date of conviction; provided, 335 however, that such person may, after the expiration of three 336 months from the date of conviction, apply for and shall be granted a hearing before the registrar for the purpose of requesting the 338 issuance of a new license for employment or educational pur-339 poses, which license shall be effective for not more than an iden-340 tical twelve hour period every day on the grounds of hardship and a showing by the person that the causes of the present and past 342 violations have been dealt with or brought under control, and the 343 registrar may, in his discretion, issue such license under such 344 terms and conditions as he deems appropriate and necessary; and provided, further, that such person may, after the expiration of six 346 months from the date of conviction, apply for and shall be granted a hearing before the registrar for the purpose of requesting the 348 issuance of a new license on a limited basis on the grounds of 349 hardship and a showing by the person that the causes of the present and past violations have been dealt with or brought under control and the registrar may, in his discretion, issue such a 352 license under such terms and conditions as he deems appropriate 353 and necessary.

(2) Where the license or the right to operate of a person has 355 been revoked under paragraph (b) and such person has been previously convicted of or assigned to an alcohol or controlled substance education, treatment or rehabilitation program by a court of the commonwealth or any other jurisdiction because of a like violation within a period of ten years preceding the date of the com-360 mission of the offense for which such person has been convicted, the registrar shall not restore the license or reinstate the right to operate of such person unless the prosecution of such person has 363 been terminated in favor of the defendant, until two years after the 364 date of the conviction; provided, however, that such person may, 365 after the expiration of six months from the date of conviction,

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366 apply for and shall be granted a hearing before the registrar for the purpose of requesting the issuance of a new license for employ-368 ment or education purposes, which license shall be effective for 369 not more than an identical twelve hour period every day on the grounds of hardship and a showing by the person that the causes 370 371 of the present and past violations have been dealt with or brought under control and that such person shall have successfully com-373 pleted the residential treatment program in subparagraph (4) of paragraph (a) of subdivision (1), or such treatment program mandated by section twenty-six D, and the registrar may, in his discre-375 376 tion, issue such license under such terms and conditions as he 377 deems appropriate and necessary; and provided, further, that such 378 person may, after the expiration of one year from the date of con-379 viction, apply for and shall be granted a hearing before the registrar for the purpose of requesting the issuance of a new license on a limited basis on the grounds of hardship and a showing by the person that the causes of the present and past violations have been 383 dealt with or brought under control and the registrar may, in his discretion, issue such a license under such terms and conditions as 385 he deems appropriate and necessary.

(3) Where the license or right to operate of any person has been revoked under paragraph (b) and such person has been previously 387 convicted or assigned to an alcohol or controlled substance education, treatment or rehabilitation program because of a like offense 390 by a court of the commonwealth or any other jurisdiction two 391 times within a period of ten years preceding the date of the com-392 mission of the crime for which he has been convicted or where the 393 license or right to operate has been revoked pursuant to section 394 twenty-three due to a violation of said section or due to a prior 395 revocation under paragraph (b) or under section twenty-six D or 396 twenty-six E, the registrar shall not restore the license or reinstate the right to operate to such person, unless the prosecution of such person has terminated in favor of the defendant, until eight years after the date of conviction; provided however, that such person 399 400 may, after the expiration of two years from the date of the convic-401 tion, apply for and shall be granted a hearing before the registrar 402 for the purpose of requesting the issuance of a new license for 403 employment or education purposes, which license shall be effec-404 tive for not more than an identical twelve hour period every day,

on the grounds of hardship and a showing by the person that the 406 causes of the present and past violations have been dealt with or brought under control and the registrar may, in his discretion, 407 408 issue such license under such terms and conditions as he deems appropriate and necessary; and provided, further, that such person 410 may, after the expiration of four years from the date of conviction, apply for and shall be granted a hearing before the registrar for the purpose of requesting the issuance of a new license on a limited 413 basis on the grounds of hardship and a showing by the person that 414 the causes of the present and past violations have been dealt with or brought under control and the registrar may, in his discretion, 416 issue such a license under such terms and conditions as he deems 417 appropriate and necessary.

418 (3½) Where the license or the right to operate of a person has 419 been revoked under paragraph (b) and such person has been previously convicted of or assigned to an alcohol or controlled sub-420 421 stance education, treatment or rehabilitation program by a court of the commonwealth or any other jurisdiction because of a like violation three times within a period often years preceding the date of the commission of the offense for which such person has been 425 convicted, the registrar shall not restore the license or reinstate the 426 right to operate of such person unless the prosecution of such 427 person has been terminated in favor of the defendant, until ten 428 years after the date of the conviction; provided, however, that 429 such person may, after the expiration of five years from the date 430 of the conviction, apply for and shall be granted a hearing before the registrar for the purpose of requesting the issuance of a new 431 432 license for employment or education purposes which license shall be effective for an identical twelve hour period every day on the 434 grounds of hardship and a showing by the person that the causes 435 of the present and past violations have been dealt with or brought 436 under control and the registrar may, in his discretion, issue such license under such terms and conditions as he deems appropriate 438 and necessary; and provided, further, that such person may, after the expiration of eight years from the date of conviction, apply for and shall be granted a hearing before the registrar for the purpose 440 of requesting the issuance of a new license on a limited basis on 442 the grounds of hardship and a showing by the person that the 443 causes of the present and past violations have been dealt with or

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444 brought under control and the registrar may, in his discretion, 445 issue such a license under the terms and conditions as he deems 446 appropriate and necessary.

447 (3³/₄) Where the license or the right to operate of a person has 448 been revoked under paragraph (b) and such person has been previously convicted of or assigned to an alcohol or controlled sub-450 stance education, treatment or rehabilitation program by a court of 451 the commonwealth or any other jurisdiction because of a like vio-452 lation four or more times within a period of ten years preceding 453 the date of the commission of the offense for which such person 454 has been convicted, such person's license or right to operate a 455 snow or recreation vehicle shall be revoked for the life of such 456 person, and such person shall not be granted a hearing before the 457 registrar for the purpose of requesting the issuance of a new 458 license on a limited basis on the grounds of hardship; provided, 459 however, that such license shall be restored or such right to 460 operate shall be reinstated if the prosecution of such person has been terminated in favor of such person. An aggrieved party may 462 appeal, in accordance with the provisions of chapter thirty A, from any order of the registrar of snow or recreation vehicles under the provisions of this section. 464

(4) Notwithstanding the foregoing, no new license shall be issued or right to operate be reinstated by the registrar to any person convicted of a violation of subparagraph (1) of para-468 graph (a) until ten years after the date of conviction in case the 469 registrar determines upon investigation and after hearing that the 470 action of the person so convicted in committing such offense 471 caused an accident resulting in the death of another, nor at any 472 time after a subsequent conviction of such an offense, whenever 473 committed, in case the registrar determines in the manner afore-474 said that the action of such person, in committing the offense of 475 which he was so subsequently convicted, caused an accident 476 resulting in the death of another.

(d) For the purposes of subdivision (1) of this section, a person 478 shall be deemed to have been convicted if he pleaded guilty or 479 nolo contendere or was found or adjudged guilty by a court of 480 competent jurisdiction, whether or not he was placed on probation 481 without sentence or under a suspended sentence or the case was 482 placed on file, and a license may be revoked under paragraph (b)

483 hereof notwithstanding the pendency of a prosecution upon appeal 484 or otherwise after such a conviction. Where there has been more 485 than one conviction in the same prosecution, the date of the first 486 conviction shall be deemed to be the date of conviction under 487 paragraph (c) hereof.

488 (e) In any prosecution for a violation of paragraph (a), evidence 489 of the percentage, by weight, of alcohol in the defendant's blood 490 at the time of the alleged offense, as shown by chemical test or analysis of his blood or as indicated by a chemical test or analysis 492 of his breath, shall be admissible and deemed relevant to the 493 determination of the question of whether such defendant was at 494 such time under the influence of intoxicating liquor; provided, 495 however, that if such test or analysis was made by or at the direc-496 tion of a police officer, it was made with the consent of the defen-497 dant, the results thereof were made available to him upon his 498 request and the defendant was afforded a reasonable opportunity, at his request and at his expense, to have another such test or 500 analysis made by a person or physician selected by him; and provided, further, that blood shall not be withdrawn from any party 502 for the purpose of such test or analysis except by a physician, reg-503 istered nurse or certified medical technician. Evidence that the 504 defendant failed or refused to consent to such test or analysis shall 505 not be admissible against him in a civil or criminal proceeding, 506 but shall be admissible in any action by the registrar under para-507 graph (f) or in any proceedings provided for in section twenty-six 508 N. When there is no evidence presented at a civil or criminal proceeding of the percentage, by weight, of alcohol in the defendant's 509 510 blood, the presiding judge at a trial before a jury shall include in his instructions to the jury a statement of an arresting officer's 511 512 responsibilities upon arrest of a person suspected to be operating a snow or recreation vehicle under the influence of alcohol and a statement that a blood alcohol test may only be administered with 514 a person's consent; that a person has a legal right to take or not 516 take such a test; that there may be a number of reasons why a person would or would not take such a test; that there may be a number of reasons why such test was not administered; that there shall be no speculation as to the reason for the absence of the test 520 and no inference can be drawn from the fact that there was no evi-521 dence of a blood alcohol test; and that a finding of guilty or not

522 guilty must be based solely on the evidence that was presented in 523 the case. If such evidence is that such percentage was five one-524 hundredths or less, there shall be a permissible inference that such 525 defendant was not under the influence of intoxicating liquor, and he shall be released from custody forthwith, but the officer who 526 527 placed him under arrest shall not be liable for false arrest if such police officer had reasonable grounds to believe that the person 529 arrested had been operating a snow or recreation vehicle upon any such way or place while under the influence of intoxicating liquor; 531 provided, however, that in an instance where a defendant is under 532 the age of twenty-one and such evidence is that the percentage, by 533 weight, of alcohol in the defendant's blood is two one-hundredths 534 or greater, the officer who placed him under arrest shall, in accor-535 dance with subparagraph (2) of paragraph (f), suspend such defen-536 dant's license or permit and take all other actions directed therein, 537 if such evidence is that such percentage was more than five one-538 hundredths but less than eight one-hundredths there shall be no permissible inference; and if such evidence is that such percentage 540 was eight one-hundredths or more, there shall be a permissible inference that such defendant was under the influence of intoxi-542 cating liquor. A certificate, signed and sworn to, by a chemist of the department of the state police or by a chemist of a laboratory 544 certified by the department of public health, which contains the 545 results of an analysis made by such chemist of the percentage of 546 alcohol in such blood shall be prima facie evidence of the per-547 centage of alcohol in such blood.

Whoever operates a snow or recreation vehicle on the lands, 549 waters and or improved, unimproved, public or private ways 550 within the Commonwealth shall be deemed to have consented to 551 submit to a chemical test or analysis of his breath or blood in the event that he is arrested for operating while under the influence of 553 intoxicating liquor; provided, however, that no person shall be deemed to have consented to a blood test unless such person has 555 been brought for treatment to a medical facility licensed under the provisions of section fifty-one of chapter one hundred and eleven; and provided, further, that no person who is afflicted with hemo-557 philia, diabetes or any other condition requiring the use of antico-558 559 agulants shall be deemed to have consented to a withdrawal of 560 blood. Such test shall be administered at the direction of a law

561 enforcement officer, having reasonable grounds to believe that the 562 person arrested has been operating a vessel under the influence of 563 intoxicating liquor.

564 (f) If a person arrested for operating a snow or recreation 565 vehicle on the lands, waters and or improved, unimproved, public or private ways within the Commonwealth while under the influence of intoxicating liquor refuses to submit to such test or analysis, after having been informed that his license, permit or right to operate motor vehicles shall be suspended and any certifi-570 cate or numbers may be revoked for a period of one hundred and 571 twenty days for such refusal, no such test or analysis shall be 572 made, but the officer before whom such refusal was made shall 573 immediately prepare a written report of such refusal. Each such 574 report shall be made on a form approved by the registrar, and shall 575 be sworn to under the penalties of perjury by the officer before 576 whom such refusal was made. Each such report shall set forth the 577 grounds for the officer's belief that the person arrested had been operating a vessel while under the influence of intoxicating liquor, 578 579 and shall state that such person had refused to submit to such chemical test or analysis when requested by such officer to do so such refusal having been witnessed by another person other than 582 the defendant. Each such report shall identify which police officer 583 requested said chemical test or analysis, and the other person witnessing said refusal. Each such report shall be sent forthwith to 585 the registrar and to the director along with a copy of the notice of 586 intent to suspend in any form, including electronic or otherwise, 587 that the registrar deems appropriate.

Upon receipt of such report, the registrar shall suspend any 589 license or permit to operate motor vehicles issued to such person under chapter ninety or the right of such person to operate motor vehicles in the commonwealth under section ten for a period of one hundred and twenty days, and the director may revoke any and all certificates of number of any snow or recreation vehicle of 594 such person and may refuse to issue any certificate of number to 595 such vessels for a period of one hundred and twenty days. Said 596 report shall constitute prima facie evidence of the facts set forth 597 therein at any administrative hearing regarding any suspension 598 specified in this section.

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599 (g) Any person whose license, permit or right to operate motor 600 vehicles has been suspended or whose certificate of number has been revoked under this paragraph shall be entitled to a hearing 602 before the registrar which shall be limited to the following issues: 603 (i) did the officer have reasonable grounds to believe that such person had been operating a snow or recreation vehicle on the 605 lands, waters and or improved, unimproved, public or private 606 ways within the Commonwealth, (ii) was such person placed under arrest and (iii) did such person refuse to submit to such test or analysis. If, after such hearing, the registrar finds on any one of 608 609 the said issues in the negative, the registrar shall reinstate such 610 license, permit or right to operate motor vehicles of such person 611 and shall notify the director of such reinstatement. Upon receipt of 612 such notification, the director shall reinstate such certificate of 613 number to the vessel of such person.

Notwithstanding any of the foregoing, any person whose cer-615 tificate of number has been revoked under this paragraph may at 616 any time apply for and shall, within fifteen days, be granted a hearing before the director for the purpose of requesting the 618 issuance of a certificate of number on the grounds of hardship and the director may, in his discretion, issue such certificate of number 620 under such terms and conditions as he deems appropriate and necessary.

If a person fails to pay a civil administrative penalty assessed pursuant to this section within ninety days of the time it becomes 624 final, such person shall be liable to the commonwealth for up to 625 three times the amount of such penalty, together with the costs, 626 plus interest from the time the civil administrative penalty became 627 final, including all costs and attorney's fees incurred directly in 628 the collection thereof. The rate of interest shall be the rate set 629 forth in section six C of chapter two hundred and thirty-one. The 630 director shall refuse to issue an original certificate of number or to 631 renew the certificate of number for any snow or recreation vehicle 632 owned by a person who fails to pay such civil administrative penalty and any related penalties or costs, until such payment is made in full.

(2) (a) Whoever, on the lands, waters and or improved, unim-636 proved, public or private ways within the Commonwealth, oper-637 ates a snow or recreation vehicle recklessly, or operates such a

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638 vehicle negligently so that the lives or safety of the public might 639 be endangered, or upon a bet or wager or in a race, or whoever 640 operates a snow or recreation vehicle for the purpose of making a 641 record and thereby violates any provision of section seventeen or 642 any regulation under section eighteen, or whoever without stopping and making known his name, residence and the register 644 number of his snow or recreation vehicle goes away after know-645 ingly colliding with or otherwise causing injury to any other 646 vehicle or property, or whoever knowingly makes any false statement in an application for registration of a snow or recreation 647 648 vehicle, shall be punished by a fine of not less than twenty dollars 649 nor more than two hundred dollars or by imprisonment for not less 650 than two weeks nor more than two years, or both; and whoever 651 uses a snow or recreation vehicle without authority knowing that 652 such use is unauthorized shall, for the first offense be punished by a fine of not less than fifty dollars nor more than five hundred dol-654 lars or by imprisonment for not less than thirty days nor more than 655 two years, or both, and for a second offense by imprisonment in 656 the state prison for not more than five years or in a house of cor-657 rection for not less than thirty days nor more than two and one-658 half years, or by a fine of not more than one thousand dollars, or 659 by both such fine and imprisonment; and whoever is found guilty 660 of a third or subsequent offense of such use without authority committed within five years of the earliest of his two most recent prior offenses shall be punished by a fine of not less than two hun-662 663 dred dollars nor more than one thousand dollars or by imprisonment for not less than six months nor more than two and one-half 664 years in a house of correction or for not less than two and one-half years nor more than five years in the state prison or by both fine 666 667 and imprisonment.

A summons may be issued instead of a warrant for arrest upon a complaint for a violation of any provision of this paragraph if in the judgment of the court or justice receiving the complaint there 671 is reason to believe that the defendant will appear upon a sum-672 mons.

673 There shall be an assessment of \$125 against a person who, by 674 a court of the commonwealth, is convicted of, is placed on proba-675 tion for or is granted a continuance without a finding for or other-676 wise pleads guilty to or admits to a finding of sufficient facts of

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operating a snow or recreation vehicle negligently so that the lives 678 or safety of the public might be endangered pursuant to the provi-679 sions of this section; provided, however, that moneys collected 680 pursuant to said assessment shall be deposited by the court with 681 the treasurer into the Head Injury Treatment Services Trust Fund 682 established by section 59 of chapter 10. At the discretion of the 683 court, an assessment pursuant to this paragraph may be reduced or 684 waived only upon a written finding of fact that such payment 685 would cause the person against whom the assessment is imposed severe financial hardship. Such a finding shall be made indepen-686 dently of a finding of indigence for purposes of appointing 688 counsel. If the person is sentenced to a correctional facility in the 689 commonwealth and the assessment has not been paid, the court 690 shall note the assessment on the mittimus.

(a½) (1) Whoever operates a snow or recreation vehicle on the 692 lands, waters and or improved, unimproved, public or private 693 ways within the Commonwealth, and without stopping and 694 making known his name, residence and the registration number of his snow or recreation vehicle, goes away after knowingly col-696 liding with or otherwise causing injury to any person not resulting in the death of any person, shall be punished by imprisonment for not less than six months nor more than two years and by a fine of not less than five hundred dollars nor more than one thousand dol-700 lars.

(2) Whoever operates a snow or recreation vehicle on the lands, 702 waters and or improved, unimproved, public or private ways 703 within the Commonwealth and without stopping and making 704 known his name, residence and the registration number of his 705 snow or recreation vehicle, goes away to avoid prosecution or 706 evade apprehension after knowingly colliding with or otherwise 707 causing injury to any person shall, if the injuries result in the 708 death of a person, be punished by imprisonment in the state prison 709 for not less than two and one-half years nor more than ten years 710 and by a fine of not less than one thousand dollars nor more than 711 five thousand dollars or by imprisonment in a jail or house of cor-712 rection for not less than one year nor more than two and one-half 713 years and by a fine of not less than one thousand dollars nor more 714 than five thousand dollars. The sentence imposed upon such 715 person shall not be reduced to less than one year, nor suspended,

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716 nor shall any person convicted under this paragraph be eligible for 717 probation, parole, or furlough or receive any deduction from his 718 sentence until such person has served at least one year of such 719 sentence; provided, however, that the commissioner of correction 720 may on the recommendation of the warden, superintendent or 721 other person in charge of a correctional institution, or the adminis-722 trator of a county correctional institution, grant to an offender 723 committed under this paragraph, a temporary release in the custody of an officer of such institution for the following purposes 725 only: to attend the funeral of a relative; to visit a critically ill 726 relative; to obtain emergency medical or psychiatric services 727 unavailable at said institution or to engage in employment pur-728 suant to a work release program.

- (3) Prosecutions commenced under subparagraph (1) or (2) shall not be continued without a finding nor placed on file.
- (b) A conviction of a violation of paragraph (a) or paragraph 732 (a½) of subdivision (2) of this section shall be reported forthwith by the court or magistrate to the registrar, who may in any event, and shall unless the court or magistrate recommends otherwise, 735 revoke immediately the license or right to operate of the person so 736 convicted, and no appeal, motion for new trial or exceptions shall operate to stay the revocation of the license or right to operate. If it appears by the records of the registrar that the person so con-739 victed is the owner of a snow or recreation vehicle or has exclu-740 sive control of any snow or recreation vehicle as a manufacturer or dealer or otherwise, the registrar may revoke the certificate of 742 registration of any or all snow or recreation vehicles so owned or exclusively controlled.
- (c) The registrar, after having revoked the license or right to 745 operate of any person under paragraph (b), in his discretion may 746 issue a new license or reinstate the right to operate to him, if the prosecution has terminated in favor of the defendant. In addition, 748 the registrar may, after an investigation or upon hearing, issue a 749 new license or reinstate the right to operate to a person convicted 750 in any court for a violation of any provision of paragraph (a) or 751 (a½) of subdivision (2); provided, however, that no new license or 752 right to operate shall be issued by the registrar to: (i) any person 753 convicted of a violation of subparagraph (1) of paragraph (a½) 754 until one year after the date of revocation following his conviction

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755 if for a first offense, or until two years after the date of revocation 756 following any subsequent conviction; (ii) any person convicted of 757 a violation of subparagraph (2) of paragraph (a½) until three years 758 after the date of revocation following his conviction if for a first offense or until ten years after the date of revocation following 759 760 any subsequent conviction; (iii) any person convicted, under paragraph (a) of using a snow or recreation vehicle knowing that such 762 use is unauthorized, until one year after the date of revocation 763 following his conviction if for a first offense or until three years 764 after the date of revocation following any subsequent conviction; and (iv) any person convicted of any other provision of paragraph 766 (a) until sixty days after the date of his original conviction if for a 767 first offense or one year after the date of revocation following any subsequent conviction within a period of three years. 768

The registrar, after investigation, may at any time rescind the 770 revocation of a license or right to operate revoked because of a conviction of operating a snow or recreation vehicle upon any way or in any place to which the public has a right of access or any place to which members of the public have access as invitees or licensees negligently so that the lives or safety of the public might be endangered. The provisions of this paragraph shall apply 776 in the same manner to juveniles adjudicated under the provisions of section fifty-eight B of chapter one hundred and nineteen.

- (3) The prosecution of any person for the violation of any pro-779 vision of this section, if a subsequent offense, shall not, unless the 780 interests of justice require such disposition, be placed on file or otherwise disposed of except by trial, judgment and sentence according to the regular course of criminal proceedings; and such 783 a prosecution shall be otherwise disposed of only on motion in 784 writing stating specifically the reasons therefor and verified by 785 affidavits if facts are relied upon. If the court or magistrate certifies in writing that he is satisfied that the reasons relied upon are sufficient and that the interests of justice require the allowance of the motion, the motion shall be allowed and the certificate shall be filed in the case. A copy of the motion and certificate shall be sent by the court or magistrate forthwith to the registrar.
- 791 (4) Any officer empowered to enforce this section may arrest 792 without a warrant any person who the officer has probable cause 793 to believe has violated or is violating any provision of this section 794 or any rule or regulation made under authority hereof.

- 1 SECTION 2. In Paragraph 5 of said section 26, strike from the
- 2 word "proof" in line 5 through the word "therewith" in line 7,
- 3 replacing it with the following:— "trail pass membership to the
- 4 Snowmobile Association of Massachusetts (S.A.M.) or other
- 5 state-wide, recognized organization as determined by the snow
- 6 mobile law administrator pursuant to the guidelines set for by the
- 7 Director of the Division of Law Enforcement;"
- SECTION 3. In said paragraph 5 of said section 26 strike from
- 2 the word "or" in line 7 through the end of line 9.
- SECTION 4. In said paragraph 5 of said section 26, insert after
- 2 the word "on" in line 1 the following:— "public or".